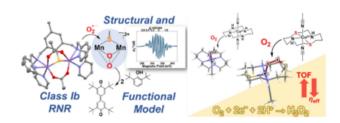


Jointly achieved insights in different roles of thiolates in bioinorganic chemistry

Start Time: Thursday, February 2, 2023

End Time:



The three Unisyscat Groups (<u>Hildebrandt</u>, <u>Dau</u> and <u>Ray</u>) reveal in two joint publications the vital role of sulfur as non-innocence ligand in the catalytic reduction of dioxygen to hydrogen peroxide and in mimicking the reactivity of class lb ribonucleotide reductases (RNRs).

Evidence of Sulfur Non-Innocence in [Co (dithiacyclam)] -Mediated Catalytic Oxygen Reduction Reactions, B. Battistella, L. Iffland-Mühlhaus, M. Schütze, B. Cula, U. Kuhlmann, H. Dau, P. Hildebrandt, T. Lohmiller, S. Mebs, U. Apfel, K. Ray, Angewandte Chemie International Edition 2022, 62, <u>10.1002/anie.2022140</u>

In many metalloenzymes, sulfur-containing ligands participate in catalytic processes, mainly via the involvement in electron transfer reactions. In a biomimetic approach, the the implication of S-ligation in cobalt mediated oxygen reduction reactions (ORR) was demonstrated. A comparative study between the catalytic ORR capabilities of the four-nitrogen bound $[Co(cyclam)]^{2+}$ (1,cyclam=1,5,8,11-tetraaza-cyclotetradecane) and the S-containing analog $[Co(S_2N_2-cyclam)]^{2+}$ (2, S_2N_2 -cyclam=1,8-dithia-5,11-diaza-cyclotetradecane) reveals improved catalytic performance once the chalcogen is introduced in the Co coordination sphere. Trapping and characterization of the intermediates formed upon dioxygen activation at the Co^{II} centers in 1 and 2 point to the involvement of sulfur in the O₂ reduction process as the key for the improved catalytic ORR capabilities of 2





A New Thiolate-Bound Dimanganese Cluster as a Structural and Functional Model for Class Ib Ribonucleotide Reductases, B. Battistella, T. Lohmiller, B. Cula, P. Hildebrandt, U. Kuhlmann, H. Dau, S. Mebs, K. Ray, Angewandte Chemie International Edition 2023, <u>10.1002/anie.202217076</u>

In class Ib ribonucleotide reductases (RNRs) a dimanganese(II) cluster activates superoxide $(O_2)^{-1}$ rather than dioxygen (O_2) , to access a high valent $Mn^{III} - O_2 - Mn^{IV}$ species, responsible for the oxidation of tyrosine to tyrosyl radical. In a biomimetic approach, we report the synthesis of a thiolate-bound dimanganese complex $[Mn^{II}_2(BPMT)(OAc)_2](CIO)_4$

 $(BPMT=(2,6-bis{[bis(2-pyridylmethyl)amino]methyl}-4-methylthiophenolate) (1) and its reaction with O₂⁻ to form a [(BPMT)MnO₂Mn]²⁺ complex 2. Unlike all other previously reported Mn-O₂-Mn complexes, generated by O₂⁻ activation at Mn₂ centers, 2 proved to be a capable electrophilic oxidant in aldehyde deformylation and phenol oxidation reactions, rendering it one of the best structural and functional models for class lb RNRs$













